

FULL LENGTH (UPSC Format)

TEST PAPER 9

PAPER – I (Objective

Type of Questions)

Total No. of Ques. 125

Time Allotted 2 Hrs

Max. Marks: 250

1. India's first atomic power station was set up at
 - (a) Surat (Gujarat)
 - (b) Tarapur (Maharashtra)
 - (c) Trombay (Maharashtra)
 - (d) Sholapur (Maharashtra)
2. Zawar (Rajasthan) is famous for
 - (a) Ship Manufacturing
 - (b) Zinc mines
 - (c) Salt
 - (d) Major port
3. Ayodhya is situated on _____ river.
 - (a) Periyar (b) Ganges
 - (c) Sarayu (d) Hoogly
4. Buland Darwaja, 38 m high gate built by Akbar, is located at
 - (a) Fatehpur Sikri, Agra
 - (b) Bijapur, Karnataka
 - (c) New Delhi
 - (d) Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh
5. Ludhiana is situated on _____ river.
 - (a) Gomti (b) Yamuna
 - (c) Satluj (d) Godavari
6. Tiruchirappalli is situated on _____ river.
 - (a) Cawvery (b) Tapti
 - (c) Krishna (d) Ganga

7. Coonoor (Nilgiri hills) are located at
 - (a) Meghalaya
 - (b) Tamil Nadu
 - (c) Himachal Pradesh
 - (d) Uttarakhand
8. Mahabaleshwar is located in
 - (a) Maharashtra
 - (b) Rajasthan
 - (c) Madhya Pradesh
 - (d) Himachal Pradesh
9. What is the height of Nainital, Uttarakhand above sea level?
 - (a) 7,500 ft above sea level
 - (b) 3,500 ft above sea level
 - (c) 7,168 ft above sea level
 - (d) 6,400 ft above sea level
10. The National flag was adopted by the constituent Assembly of India on
 - (a) August 15, 1947
 - (b) July 2, 1947
 - (c) January 26, 1950
 - (d) January 2, 1950
11. The wheel (Chakra) of National flag has _____ spokes.
 - (a) 23
 - (b) 24
 - (c) 25
 - (d) 26
12. The saffron colour in the National flag signifies
 - (a) Truth and peace
 - (b) Courage and sacrifice
 - (c) Faith and chivalry
 - (d) None of these
13. The National Emblem was adopted by Government of India on
 - (a) January 26, 1950
 - (b) August 15, 1947
 - (c) August 2, 1950
 - (d) July 12, 1947
14. National Anthem was first sung on
 - (a) December 27, 1911 during the Indian National Congress Session at Calcutta
 - (b) January 24, 1950 by the Constituent Assembly of India
 - (c) January 26, 1950 by the Government of India
 - (d) None of these

15. The playing time for the full version of National Anthem is
(a) 20 seconds (b) 52 seconds
(c) 34 seconds (d) 45 seconds
16. The last month of the Saka year is
(a) Phalguna (b) Chaitra
(c) Asadha (d) Pausa
17. The corresponding Gregorian date of the saka month, Bhadra is
(a) July 23 (b) August 23
(c) September 23 (d) October 23
18. Which saka month corresponds to the Gregorian date, January 21?
(a) Maha (b) Pausa
(c) Agrahayana (d) Asvina
19. The official language of the Government of India is
(a) English (b) Malayalam
(c) Hindi (d) Marathi
20. Martyr's day lies on
(a) January 30 (b) January 26
(c) November 14 (d) October 2
21. Modern Indo-Aryan languages are based on an ancient language called
(a) Hindi (b) Sanskrit
(c) Kannada (d) Tamil
22. Which languages of India belong to Dravidian family?
(a) Languages of northern India
(b) Languages of southern India
(c) Languages of eastern India
(d) Languages of western India
23. Sculpture, flourished during
(a) Egyptian civilization
(b) Indus Valley civilization
(c) Chinese civilization
(d) None of these

24. The greatest monument at Ellora, dating from the late 700s, honours the Hindu god
(a) Vishnu (b) Shiva
(c) Ganesh (d) None of these
25. South Indian temples have
(a) tall towers with curving sides that taper at the top
(b) gateway towers shaped like trapezoidal pyramids
(c) Both are correct
(d) None of these
26. The most early examples of Indian paintings are
(a) The frescoes in the caves at Ajanta
(b) The Ellora caves
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of these
27. The earlier Indian written works include
(a) The Vedas (b) The Epics
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
28. The parts of the 'Mahabharata' which include Bhagawad Gita, is
(a) more than 100 years old
(b) more than 2500 years old
(c) more than 1500 years old
(d) None of these
29. What is Bhakti movement?
(a) It is a social and religious movement from about ad 500 to 1600.
(b) It is the movement that influenced the developed of regional languages because it emphasised people's everyday speech.
(c) Both the statements are correct
(d) None of these

30. _____ draw upon the Hindu epics and other poems and stories about the lives of the Hindu deities.
- (a) Bharatnatyam of southern India
 - (b) Kathak of northern India
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of these
31. The first General Elections in India took place in
- (a) 1948 (b) 1950
 - (c) 1952 (d) 1954
32. All India Congress Committee (I) was founded in
- (a) 1950 (b) 1958
 - (c) 1965 (d) 1978
33. Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) was founded in
- (a) 1950 (b) 1960
 - (c) 1970 (d) 1980
34. Which political organization advocates the establishment of socialist society led by the working class?
- (a) BJP (b) CPI
 - (c) CPI-M (d) Janata Dal
35. Which political organization aims at establishment by peaceful means of a socialist cooperative common wealth and cooperativism in industry and agriculture?
- (a) Indian National Congress (S)
 - (b) Janata Dal
 - (c) Rashtriya Janata Dal (RJD)
 - (d) Communist Party of India (CPI)
36. Which political organization, founded in 1988, advocates non-alignment and the eradication of poverty and unemployment?
- (a) Rashtriya Janata Dal
 - (b) Janata Dal
 - (c) All India Congress Committee
 - (d) None of these

37. Akali Dal was formed in
(a) 1910 (b) 1920
(c) 1930 (d) 1940
38. Which regional political organization sets the establishment of a democratic Hindu state?
(a) Akhil Bharti Hindu Mahasabha
(b) All India Forward Bloc
(c) Shiv Sena
(d) Bahujan Samaj Party
39. Which political organization was found in 1940 by Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose?
(a) All India Forward Bloc
(b) Asom Gana Parishad
(c) Shiv Sena
(d) Tamil Manila Congress
40. Which political party advocates the unity of India in diversity and a united Assam?
(a) Akali Dal
(b) Akhil Bharatiya Hindu Mahasabha
(c) Asom Gana Parishad
(d) None of these
41. Which party promotes the interests of dalits of India?
(a) Bahujan Samaj Party
(b) Peasants and workers' party of India
(c) Republic Party of India
(d) Telugu Desam
42. Which political party lost ground after independence but was reactivated in
(a) 1965
(b) 1975
(c) 1985
(d) 1995

43. Which party seeks to nationalise all basic industries and to promote industrialization?
- (a) Peasants and Worker's Party of India
 - (b) Shiv Sena
 - (c) Tamil Manila Congress
 - (d) Bahujan Samaj Party
44. Which party operates in Andhra Pradesh and campaigns against rural poverty and social prejudice?
- (a) Telugu Desam
 - (b) Tamil Manila Congress
 - (c) Republican Party of India
 - (d) Dravid Munnetra Kazhagam
45. First woman Prime Minister of India was
- (a) Vijayalakshmi Pandit
 - (b) Indira Gandhi
 - (c) Sonia Gandhi
 - (d) None of these
46. First woman Governor of a state was
- (a) Indira Gandhi
 - (b) Vijayalakshmi Pandit
 - (c) Sarojini Naidu
 - (d) Annie Besant
47. Who was the first woman to sit on the throne of Delhi?
- (a) Razia Sultana
 - (b) Bachendri Pal
 - (c) Reita Faria
 - (d) None of these
48. Bachchendri Pal was
- (a) first woman to climb Mount Everest
 - (b) first woman IAS officer
 - (c) first woman judge
 - (d) first woman to swim across the English Channel

49. Kiran Bedi is
- (a) first woman IAS officer
 - (b) first woman IPS officer
 - (c) first woman advocate
 - (d) first woman judge
50. First woman to climb Mount Everest two times is
- (a) Santosh Yadav (b) Dina Vakil
 - (c) Anna Chandi (d) None of these
51. First woman to win Nobel prize from India was
- (a) Kiran Bedi
 - (b) Chandra Mukhi Bose
 - (c) Mother Teresa
 - (d) Indira Gandhi
52. Garampani sanctuary is located at
- (a) Junagarh, Gujarat
 - (b) Diphu, Assam
 - (c) Kohima, Nagaland
 - (d) Gangtok, Sikkim
53. Dr Zakir Hussain was
- (a) the first Muslim president of India
 - (b) first vice-president of India
 - (c) first president of Indian National Congress
 - (d) first speaker at Lok Sabha
54. First Chief of the Army staff (Indian) was
- (a) Gen K. M. Cariappa
 - (b) Vice-Admiral R. D. Katari
 - (c) Gen Maharaja Rajendra Singhji
 - (d) None of these
55. K. S. Ranjit Singhji was
- (a) first Bar-at-law
 - (b) first Air Marshal
 - (c) first Indian test cricketer
 - (d) first field Marshal

56. Fastest shorthand writer was
(a) Dr G. D. Mist (b) J. R. D. Tata
(c) J. M. Tagore (d) Khudada Khan
57. Which of the following is a world record held by India?
(a) largest manufacture of cycles
(b) largest exporter of cut diamonds
(c) largest produce of sugar in 1989-90
(d) All of these
58. Which Bank has the maximum number of branches?
(a) ICICI Bank
(b) HDFC Bank
(c) State Bank of India
(d) State Bank of Patiala
59. India has
(a) largest turmeric production
(b) largest tea production
(c) largest ginger production
(d) All of these
60. India is the _____ grower of pulses
(a) largest
(b) smallest
(c) appropriate for national need
(d) None of these
61. All India Radio, Leh is the world's _____ radio station
(a) largest (b) smallest
(c) highest (d) None of these
62. Jeevan Rekha (Life line) express is
(a) first hospital on wheels in the world
(b) first railway express
(c) oldest train
(d) None of these

63. India has largest deposits of _____ in the world
(a) gold (b) copper
(c) mica (d) None of these
64. _____ holds the world record of fastest computing—faster than a computer.
(a) Arti Saha
(b) P. K. Thresia
(c) Anna Chandi
(d) Shakuntala Devi
65. Lata Mangeshkar holds the world record for maximum number of _____.
(a) song recordings (b) singing songs
(c) songs composing (d) None of these
66. The largest city of India is
(a) New Delhi (b) Mumbai
(c) Kolkata (d) Chennai
67. The largest lake in India is
(a) Luni lake (b) Sambhar lake
(c) Wular lake (d) None of these
68. Golden Temple, Amritsar is India's
(a) largest Gurudwara (b) oldest Gurudwara
(c) Both are correct (d) None of these
69. The largest cantilever bridge of India is
(a) Chambal Bridge
(b) Mahatma Gandhi Setu
(c) Howrah Bridge
(d) None of these
70. The smallest state of India is
(a) Rajasthan (b) Sikkim
(c) Himachal Pradesh (d) Goa
71. The state having maximum cities is
(a) Uttar Pradesh (b) West Bengal
(c) Madhya Pradesh (d) Kerala

72. The state with maximum Forest Area is
(a) Madhya Pradesh (b) Uttar Pradesh
(c) Jharkhand (d) Rajasthan
73. The state with highest mineral output is
(a) Jharkhand (b) Rajasthan
(c) Uttar Pradesh (d) Tamil Naidu
74. Famous sculptures depicting art of love built some time in ad 950-1050 are
(a) Khajuraho temples
(b) Jama Masjid
(c) Sun Temple
(d) Mahabalipuram temples
75. The headquarters of Army are situated at
(a) New Delhi (b) Mumbai
(c) Kolkata (d) Chennai
76. The Chief of the Army Staff is assisted by
(a) Vice-Chief of the Army Staff
(b) Principal staff officers such as Deputy Chief, Adjutant General, Military Secretary
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of these
77. Samadhi of Lal Bahadur Shastri on the banks of Yamuna, at New Delhi is
(a) Shantivana (b) Shakti Sthal
(c) Rajghat (d) Vijay Ghat
78. The control command of Army is located at
(a) Pune (b) Udhampur
(c) Lucknow (d) Mhow
79. Armoured corps, corps of signals, corps of Air Defence Artillery etc., are the arms and services of
(a) Army (b) Air force
(c) Navy (d) All of these

80. The battle tanks that have been modernized to keep pace with the latest technology development is
(a) Vijayanta (b) T-55 and T-72
(c) Arjun (d) All of these
81. The battle Tanks designed and developed by the Defence Research and Development Organization in collaboration with Heavy Vehicles Factory and Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited are
(a) Vijayanta (b) T-55 and T-72
(c) Arjun (d) All of these
82. The highest Rank in Army is of
(a) Brigadier (b) General
(c) Lieutenant general (d) Major general
83. In Air force, Air commodore has one rank higher than
(a) Squadron Leader (b) Air Vice-Marshal
(c) Group captain (d) Air Marshal
84. 'Prithvi', India's first indigenously built long-range surface-to-surface missile was inducted into the Indian Army in
(a) April 1992 (b) May 1993
(c) June 1994 (d) July 1995
85. The Chief of Air staff is assisted by
(a) Vice-Chief of the Air staff
(b) Deputy-chief of the staff
(c) Air Officer Incharge Administration
(d) All of these
86. Number of commands of Air force are
(a) 5 (b) 6
(c) 7 (d) 8
87. The transport fleet of Air force consists of
(a) IL-765
(b) Boeing-731
(c) AN-325
(d) All of these

88. The fighter force of Air force is comprised of
- (a) MIG-21 variant
 - (b) MIG-23s, MIG-25s, MIG-27s, MIG-29s
 - (c) Jaguars
 - (d) All of these
89. The Helicopter fleet of Air force consists of
- (a) 'Chetak'
 - (b) 'Cheetah'
 - (c) MI-8s, MI-17s, MI-26
 - (d) All of these
90. The Indian Air force celebrated its Golden Jubilee in
- (a) 1962 (b) 1972
 - (c) 1982 (d) 1992
91. The Pilotless target aircraft, fabricated at the Aeronautical Development Establishment, Bangalore, is
- (a) Lakshya (b) Cheetah
 - (c) NISHANT (d) Arjun
92. India's first indigenous helicopter was successfully flown in Bangalore on
- (a) August 30, 1992 (b) August 30, 1982
 - (c) August 30, 1990 (d) None of these
93. The first batch of women pilots was commissioned on
- (a) August 30, 1992
 - (b) December 17, 1994
 - (c) January 11, 1987
 - (d) None of these
94. In August 1996 at Kolar (near Bangalore), India made successful test flights of Unmanned Air Vehicle (UAV), named
- (a) Arjun
 - (b) NISHANT
 - (c) Vijayanta
 - (d) Lakshya

95. A Mausoleum built by Aurangzeb in ad 1660 in memory of his wife Rabia Durrani is
(a) Anand Bhawan (b) Bibi-ka-Maqbara
(c) Jamia Milia (d) Shantivana
96. How many commands does Navy have in India?
(a) 2 (b) 3
(c) 4 (d) 5
97. The Eastern Naval Command is situated at
(a) Mumbai (b) Vizag
(c) Kochi (d) None of these
98. INS Viraat India's largest aircraft carrier was inducted on
(a) May 12, 1987 (b) May 12, 1988
(c) May 12, 1989 (d) May 12, 1990
99. The country's first indigenously built missile boat was
(a) INS Vibhuti (b) INS Vipul
(c) INS Savitri (d) INS Shakti
100. India's first indigenously built submarine was
(a) INS Savitri (b) INS Shakti
(c) INS Delhi (d) INS Vibhut
101. The prices of a scooter and a moped are in the ratio of 9 : 5. If a scooter costs Rs 4,200 more than a moped, find the price of the moped.
(a) Rs 5,250 (b) Rs 3,350
(c) Rs 6,500 (d) None of these
102. Form the compound ratio of the ratios 45 : 75, 3 : 4, 51 : 68 and 256 : 81
(a) 14 : 13 (b) 18 : 19
(c) 16 : 15 (d) 7 : 9
103. Salaries of A, B and C are in the ration of 2:3:5. If their salaries were increased by 15%, 10% and 20% respectively what will be the new respective ration of their salaries?
(a) 3:3:10 (b) 23:33:60
(c) 10:11:20 (d) Can't be determined

104. When wheat is Rs 1.30 per kg, 60 men can be fed for 15 days at a certain cost. How many men can be fed for 45 days at the same cost when wheat is Re 1 per kg?
- (a) 13 (b) 40
(c) 36 (d) 26
105. If an 810 kg carriage costs Rs 45 for 70 km, what will be the cost of an 840 kg carriage for a distance of 63 km at half the former rate?
- (a) Rs 19 (b) Rs 13
(c) Rs 23 (d) Rs 21
106. A body of 7,300 troops is formed of 4 battalions so that $\frac{1}{2}$ of the first, $\frac{2}{3}$ of the second, $\frac{3}{4}$ of the third and $\frac{4}{5}$ of the fourth are all composed of the same number of men. How many men are there in each?
- (a) 73 (b) 53
(c) 87 (d) 33
107. What must be added to two numbers that are in the ratio 3 : 4, so that they come in the ratio 4 : 5?
- (a) 2 (b) 3
(c) 1 (d) 0
108. The least whole number which when subtracted from both the terms of the ratio 15 : 19 so as to make it 3 : 4 is
- (a) 2 (b) 3
(c) 4 (d) 6
109. A dog takes 3 leaps for every 5 leaps of a hare. If one leap of the dog is equal to 3 leaps of the hare, the ratio of the speed of the dog to that of the hare is
- (a) 8 : 5 (b) 9 : 5
(c) 8 : 7 (d) 9 : 7
110. If three numbers in the ratio 3 : 2 : 5 be such that the sum of their squares is 1,862, the middle number will be
- (a) 7 (b) 14
(c) 21 (d) 35

111. If SITUATION is coded as 345825467 and BOSS is coded as 1433, how is TSNOAIU is coded?

- (a) 5327648
- (b) 5376248
- (c) 5372648
- (d) 5374826
- (e) 5378624

112 . If ROCK is coded as 1357 and GARDEN is coded as 921468 How is donke coded as?

- (a) 34876
- (b) 43876
- (c) 43786
- (d) 43687
- (e) 43179

113. If MOCK is coded as 1483 and TEACHER is coded as 2568759, how is MORTCER coded as?

- (a) 1492598
- (b) 1492589
- (c) 1429859
- (d) 1492859
- (e) 1497586

114. If A represents +, B represents -, C represents \times and D represents \div , then which of the following statements is true?

- (a) $8B6D2A4C3=15$
- (b) $9C9B9D9A9=17$
- (c) $8A8B8C8=-48$
- (d) $3A3B3C3A3D3=4$
- (e) $9C3B5D4A2=15$

115. If in a certain language, MORALE is coded as 537492 and CHARCOAL is coded as 61476349. How RELEAM is coded in that language?

- (a) 7929543
- (b) 279741
- (c) 729245
- (d) 927945
- (e) 297415

116. If lee, tee, bee stands for 'nothing will be impossible', mee, ree, lee, kee stands for 'there are nothing to eat' what is the meaning of nothing?

- (a) nee
- (b) bee
- (c) tee
- (d) kee
- (e) lee

117. If grp, rps, qms, ptr stands for 'we can hear you', ptr, prs, grs stand for 'sunita hear noise' and pts, qms, prs, trs stand for 'you making a noise', what is the meaning of Sunita?

- (a) ptr
- (b) grs
- (c) prs
- (d) grp
- (e) qms

118. If 714 denotes 'play in ground' 53294 denotes 'in which class you read, 386 denotes 'going botany class' What does class mean?

- (a) 4
- (b) 5
- (c) 9
- (d) 3
- (e) 2

119. If 493 denotes 'holy faith books' 8192 denotes 'books are our friends' 563 denotes 'always faith God' what does holy mean?

- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 9
- (d) 8
- (e) 1

120. If 329 denotes 'classes and teachers, 129 denotes 'respect your teachers' and 5974 denotes 'you and your sister' what does respect mean?

- (a) 1
- (b) 7
- (c) 2
- (d) 4
- (e) 9

Direction (Q121-125): Study the following alpha-numeric arrangement and answer the questions given below:

B 8 4 C R M 9 N P D K W F A 2 E J 7 X U Q H L T Y 6 G S

121. If the first half of the above arrangement is written in reverse order, followed by the second half written in reverse order, which letter/number will be eighteenth from the left?

- (a) Y
- (b) K
- (c) 7
- (d) W
- (e) None of these

122. Complete the following sequence with reference to the above arrangement: BRC, 8MR, 49M, ?
- (a) CNP
 - (b) 4PN
 - (c) 4N9
 - (d) C4M
 - (e) None of these
123. Which of the following will be the fourth to the right of the thirteenth letter/number from your right?
- (a) W
 - (b) U
 - (c) F
 - (d) W
 - (e) None of these
124. If it is possible to make a meaningful word with the ninth, the sixteenth, the twenty-fourth and the twenty-eighth letters from the left in the above given series, which of the following will be the first letter of that word. If no such word can be made, give 'X' as the answer. If more than one such word can be made, give 'M' as the answer.
- (a) X
 - (b) M
 - (c) P
 - (d) C
 - (e) None of these
125. If, beginning with 4, every alternate letter/number is dropped in the above arrangement, which of the following will be the third to the right of the fifth letter/number from left?
- (a) W
 - (b) U
 - (c) 7
 - (d) A
 - (e) None of these

Answer Keys

1. (b)	2. (b)	3. (c)	4. (a)	5. (c)	6. (a)	7. (b)	8. (a)	9. (a)	10. (b)
11. (b)	12. (b)	13. (a)	14. (a)	15. (b)	16. (a)	17. (b)	18. (a)	19. (c)	20. (a)
21. (b)	22. (b)	23. (b)	24. (b)	25. (b)	26. (a)	27. (a)	28. (b)	29. (c)	30. (c)
31. (c)	32. (d)	33. (d)	34. (b)	35. (a)	36. (b)	37. (b)	38. (a)	39. (a)	40. (c)
41. (a)	42. (b)	43. (a)	44. (a)	45. (b)	46. (c)	47. (a)	48. (a)	49. (b)	50. (a)
51. (c)	52. (a)	53. (a)	54. (c)	55. (c)	56. (a)	57. (d)	58. (c)	59. (d)	60. (a)
61. (a)	62. (a)	63. (c)	64. (d)	65. (a)	66. (c)	67. (c)	68. (a)	69. (c)	70. (d)
71. (a)	72. (a)	73. (a)	74. (a)	75. (a)	76. (c)	77. (d)	78. (c)	79. (a)	80. (a)
81. (c)	82. (b)	83. (c)	84. (b)	85. (d)	86. (c)	87. (d)	88. (d)	89. (d)	90. (c)
91. (a)	92. (a)	93. (b)	94. (b)	95. (b)	96. (b)	97. (b)	98. (a)	99. (a)	100. (b)
101. (a)	102. (c)	103. (b)	104. (d)	105. (d)	106. (a)	107. (c)	108. (b)	109. (b)	110. (b)
111. (b)	112. (b)	113. (d)	114. (c)	115. (c)	116. (c)	117. (b)	118. (d)	119. (b)	120. (a)
121. (a)	122. (c)	123. (b)	124. (a)	125. (d)					

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